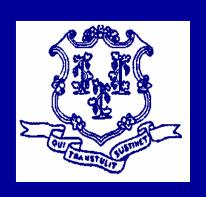
School Wellness Policy Keeping It Going

Connecticut State Department of Education Bureau of Health and Nutrition Services and Child/Family/School Partnerships



March 2006



USDA School Wellness Policy (PL 108-265, June 2004)

The Child Nutrition and WIC Reauthorization Act of 2004
Section 204 – Local Wellness Policy

"Not later than the first day of the school year beginning after June 30, 2006, each local educational agency ... shall establish a local school wellness policy."

http://www.fns.usda.gov/cnd/Governance/Legislation/PL_108-265.pdf

Local Wellness Policy

Purpose To have districts develop their own policy focusing on encouraging healthy and balanced lifestyles for students



USDA School Wellness Policy (PL 108-265, June 2004)

- Applies to all schools participating in USDA Child Nutrition Programs
- In place for 2006-2007 school year
- Goals for nutrition education, physical activity and other school-based activities to promote student wellness
- Nutrition guidelines for school foods
- Evaluation plan to measure policy implementation

http://teamnutrition.usda.gov/Healthy/wellnesspolicy.html



USDA School Wellness Policy (PL 108-265, June 2004)

Policy Development Team

- 1. Parents*
- 2. Students*
- 3. School food service*
- 4. School board*
- 5. School administrators*
- 6. Members of the public*
- 7. School nurse
- 8. Physical education coordinator/teacher
- 9. Health education coordinator/teacher



^{*}Team members required by USDA

SDE Workshops to Support Policy Development and Implementation

- School Wellness Policy Getting Started (November 2005 to January 2006)
- School Wellness Policy Keeping It Going

www.state.ct.us/sde/deps/nutrition/index.htm#Conferences



etting Started

- 1. Identify policy development team
- 2. Identify local policy development process
- 3. Conduct local assessment process
- 4. Prioritize needs and develop an action plan
- 5. Draft policy language
- 6. Build awareness and support
- 7. Adopt and implement the policy
 - 8. Maintain, measure and evaluate

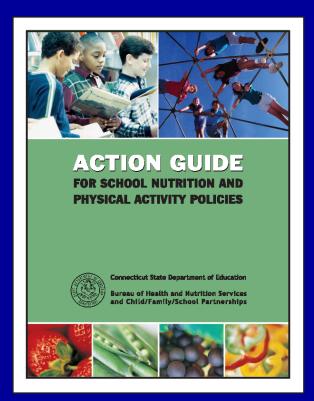


Required Components of School Wellness Policy

- 1. Nutrition Education and Promotion
- Physical Activity and Physical Education
- 3. Nutrition Standards for Foods at School (School Meals and Other Foods and Beverages)
- 4. Other School-Based Wellness Activities
- 5. Communication and Promotion
- 6. Measurement and Evaluation



Action Guide for School Nutrition and Physical Activity Policies



Adopted January 11, 2006 State Board of Education

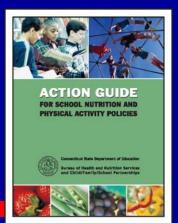
Purpose

Encourage healthy lifestyles in students by promoting the development and implementation of comprehensive nutrition and physical activity policies by local boards of education

www.state.ct.us/sde/deps/Student/NutritionEd/index.htm

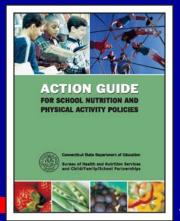
Action Guide for School Nutrition and Physical Activity Policies

- Provides comprehensive guidance on developing, implementing, promoting and evaluating local nutrition and physical activity policies
- Promotes school practices that consistently support student health and learning



Establishing and implementing policies and practices that

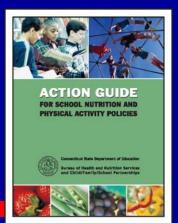
- promote students' improved nutrition and increased physical activity
- encourage families to support and participate in programs and initiatives that are intended to improve their children's health
- encourage schools to collaborate with community organizations to provide consistent health messages and to support school-based activities that promote healthy eating and physical activity



Action Guide for School Nutrition and Physical Activity Policies

Based on

- Current science and public health research
- National guidelines and models
- USDA School Wellness Policy Requirements
- Existing practices from exemplary states and school districts
- State Department of Education's School Nutrition Policies Pilot



School Nutrition Policies Pilot

- USDA Team Nutrition grant to SDE
- Goal: Develop best practice models to help districts develop local policies and action plans for implementing healthy eating and physical activity practices in schools
- Timeframe: January 2004 to June 2005
- 10 Districts

Farmington Public Schools
Franklin Elementary School
Killingly Public Schools
Milford Public Schools
Norwalk Public Schools

Putnam Public Schools
Regional School District #10
Ridgefield Public Schools
Salem Public School
Windham Public Schools

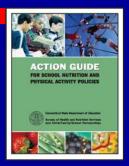
Section 9 of Action Guide page 157

Action Guide Review Committee

- Action for Healthy Kids
- American Cancer Society
- American Diabetes Association
- American Heart Association
- Association of School Nurses of Connecticut
- Commission on Children
- Connecticut Association of Directors of Health
- Connecticut Association of Family and Consumer Sciences
- Connecticut Association of Health, Physical Education, Recreation and Dance
- Connecticut Association of Schools
- Connecticut Association of Boards of Education

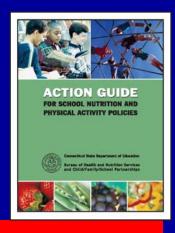
- Connecticut Association of Public School Superintendents
- Hezekiah Beardsley Connecticut Chapter of the American Academy of Pediatrics
- Connecticut Dietetic Association
- Connecticut Parent Teacher Association
- Department of Public Health
- End Hunger Connecticut
- Environment and Human Health, Inc.
- School Nutrition Association of Connecticut
- State Board of Education
- State Student Advisory Council on Education

Action Guide Contents

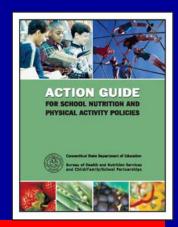


- Section 1 Overview
- Section 2 Steps for Creating Local Policy
- Section 3 Nutrition Education and Promotion
- Section 4 Physical Education and Physical Activity
- Section 5 Nutrition Standards for School Foods and Beverages
- Section 6 Other School-Based Activities to Promote Student Wellness
- Section 7 Communication and Promotion
- Section 8 Measurement and Evaluation
- Section 9 School Nutrition Policies Pilots

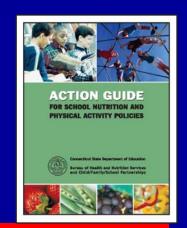
- Start with sections 1 and 2
 - ✓ Section 1 Overview
 - ✓ Section 2 Steps for Creating Local Policy



- Section 1 Overview
 - ✓ Background information (page 2)
 - ✓ Rationale for policy development (page 4)
 - Addressing local concerns (page 6)
 - √ How to use the Action Guide (page 7)
 - **✓** Policy components (page 8)
 - **✓ Policy definitions (page 9)**
 - ✓ Acronyms (page 13)

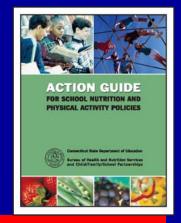


- Section 2 Steps for Creating Local Policy
 - 1. Identify policy development team
 - 2. Identify local policy development process
 - 3. Conduct local assessment process
 - 4. Prioritize needs and develop an action plan
 - 5. Draft policy language
 - 6. Build awareness and support
 - 7. Adopt and implement the policy
 - 8. Maintain, measure and evaluate

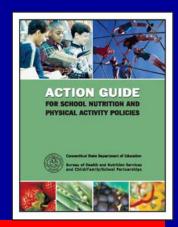


Action Guide pages 17-33

- Sections 3 through 6 –
 Policy Components
 - 1. Nutrition Education and Promotion
 - 2. Physical Activity and Physical Education
 - 3. Nutrition Standards for Foods at School
 - 4. Other School-Based Activities to Promote Student Wellness
 - 5. Communication and Promotion
 - Measurement and Evaluation

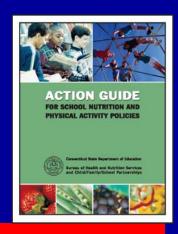


- Sections 3 through 6 Policy Components
 - ✓ Start with any of the six policy component sections that reflect district priorities based on local needs and existing policies and practices



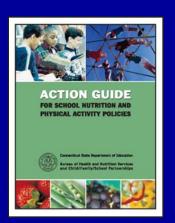
Each policy component section contains

- Goal
- Rationale
- Policy Recommendations
- Implementation Guidance
- References
- Resources



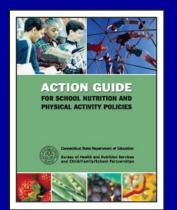
Goal

School districts will provide nutrition education experiences that positively influence students' eating behaviors and help develop lifelong healthy habits. Districts will provide an environment that encourages and supports healthy eating by students.



Rationale

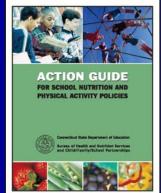
Nutrition education has been shown to improve eating habits and health. Connecting nutrition education to other content areas helps with the mastery of core subject standards. Research shows that behavior change correlates positively with the amount of nutrition instruction received. Linking nutrition education and promotion throughout the school and community reinforces consistent health messages and provides multiple opportunities for students to practice healthy habits.



Action Guide page 43

Policy Component Nutrition Education and Promotion Policy Recommendations

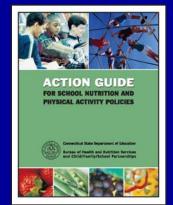
- Standards-Based, Sequential Nutrition Education
- Connecting with Existing Curriculums
- Education Links with School
- Professional Development for Teachers
- Appropriateness of Nutrition Component of Comprehensive Health Education Curriculum
- Educational Reinforcement
- Nutrition Promotion
- Staff Awareness
- Staff Members as Role Models



Standards-Based, Sequential Nutrition Education

Nutrition education shall be based on current science, research and national guidelines. Nutrition education shall be standards-based, using national or state-developed standards, such as the Connecticut State Department of Education's *Healthy and Balanced Living Curriculum Framework*. Nutrition education shall be offered as part of a planned, ongoing, systematic, sequential, standards-based, comprehensive school health education program designed to provide students with the knowledge and skills necessary to promote and

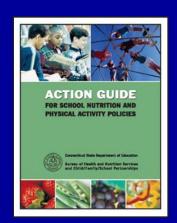
protect their health. The nutrition education program shall focus on students' eating behaviors, be based on theories and methods proven effective by published research, and be consistent with the state's/district's comprehensive school health education standards/guidelines/curriculum framework. Students shall be able to demonstrate competency through application of knowledge, skill development and practice.



Action Guide page 44

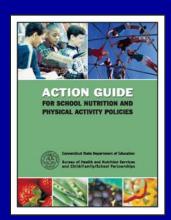
Implementation Guidance for Standards-Based, Sequential Nutrition Education

- Curriculum Development
- Content Areas
- Nutrition Themes
- Nutrition Education Strategies
- Developmentally Appropriate and Culturally Relevant Activities



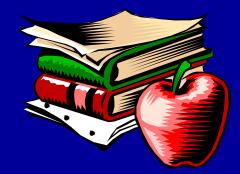
Resources

- Dietary Guidelines
- Curriculum Development
- Nutrition Education
- Nutrition Lessons and Programs
- Games and Activities
- Interactive Nutrition and Physical Activity
 Websites for Children
- Healthy Eating Calculators
- Education Links with School
- Food Safety Education for Children
- Connecting with Existing Curriculums
- Handouts for Children, Parents and School Staff Members
- Nutrition Promotion



Action Guide page 57

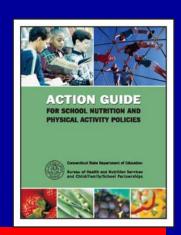
Check Online for Updated Resources



- Healthy School Nutrition Environment Resource List
- List of Nutrition-Related
 Websites

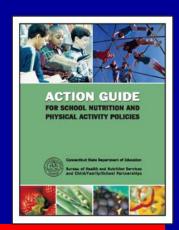
Connecticut State Department of Education www.state.ct.us/sde/deps/Student/NutritionEd/index.htm

- Section 9 School
 Nutrition Policies Pilots
 - Learn about the "how-to" of policy development and recommendations for success
 - ✓ Identify additional strategies and resources



- Section 9 School Nutrition
 Policies Pilots
 - ✓ Summarizes results of the School Nutrition Policies Pilot
 - Contains policies developed by the pilot districts
 - ✓ Shares strategies and recommendations

- Section 9 School Nutrition
 Policies Pilots
 - Steps for policy development
 - Challenges and successes
 - Critical resources
 - Activities conducted
 - Strategies for policy development, implementation, promotion and evaluation
 - Recommendations for success



Steps for Creating Local Policy

Step 4:
Prioritize Needs
and Develop an
Action Plan



Step 4: Develop Action Plan

- Prioritize areas for change based on previous needs assessment and local importance
- Develop an Action Plan
 - School Health Index http://apps.nccd.cdc.gov/shi/



Refer to the School Health Improvement Plan (School Health Index)



School Health Improvement Plan

- 1. In the first column: list, in priority order, the Actions that the School Health Index team has agreed to implement.
- 2. In the second column: List the specific Steps that need to be taken to implement each Action.
- 3. In the third column: List the people who will be responsible for each Step, when the work will begin, and when it will finish.

Actions	Steps	By Whom and When
1. Establish new policy to set nutrition standards for foods at school.	a. Contact other schools and experts to identify model policies.	Sally H. 10/2
	b. Conduct taste tests for healthy alternatives that students like.	Mildred P. 10/23
	c. Meet with principal to get support.	Sally H. 10/25
	d. Develop draft policy.	Henry T. 11/2
	e. Get feedback from teachers, parents, students, administrators, and community members.	Sally H. 11/15
	f. Develop slide show about policy to staff, students, parents and district.	Mildred P. 11/26
	g. Schedule and deliver presentations to staff, students and parents.	Henry T. 12/2

School Health Index http://apps.nccd.cdc.gov/shi/

Steps for Creating Local Policy

Step 5:
Draft policy
language



Step 5: Draft policy language

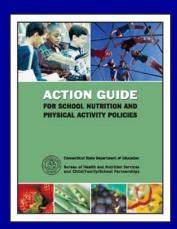
Policies should address the six policy components

- 1. Nutrition Education and Promotion
- 2. Physical Activity and Physical Education
- 3. Nutrition Standards for Foods at School (School Meals and Other Foods and Beverages)
- 4. Other School-Based Wellness Activities
- Communication and Promotion
- 6. Measurement and Evaluation



Action Guide's Policy Language

- Recommendations not requirements
- Represents recommended best practice for developing school nutrition and physical activity policies



 Can be used as written or revised as needed to meet local needs and reflect community priorities

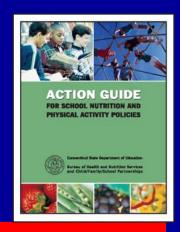
Tips for Policy Language

- Follow established, science based health guidelines
- 2. Be consistent
- 3. Be concise
- 4. Be realistic
- Provide options
- 6. Provide practical guidance
- Address financial impact
- 8. Plan for evaluation
- Keep decision makers informed



Draft policy language using

- Results of local needs assessment
 - Customize to local needs
- Recommended policy language (Action Guide)
- Other policy language resources



Policy Language Resources

Fit, Healthy and Ready to Learn (NASBE): www.nasbe.org/healthyschools/fithealthy.html

Team Nutrition:

www.fns.usda.gov/tn/Healthy/wellnesspolicy.html

School Nutrition Association:

www.schoolnutrition.org/

National Alliance for Nutrition and Activity:

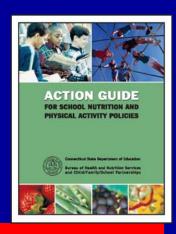
www.schoolwellnesspolicies.org/

Action for Healthy Kids:

www.actionforhealthykids.org/resources_wp.php

As you draft policy language remember to consider

- Team effort (not individual)
- Communication and promotion
- Evaluation



Activity 1 Policy Language

- 1. Designate team recorder
- 2. As a team, select one policy component
- 3. Review and discuss the policy recommendations for the selected component
- 4. Prioritize each recommendation based on district needs (local assessment data)
 - Importance to district
 - Cost
 - Time
 - Commitment support of school community
 - Feasibility how easy or difficult

Activity 1 Policy Language

Group Sharing

- What did your team learn about the policy component?
- What will your team need to do to finalize policy language for this component?



Steps for Creating Local Policy Step 6:

Build awareness and support

Section 7 Communication and Promotion *Action Guide* page 31

Build Awareness and Support

- Gather input from the school and community
- Use local media to spread awareness of the district's needs and proposed policies



- Enlist community leaders to speak out in favor of the proposed solutions
- Be prepared for challenges that may arise
- Learn from others' successes
 - ✓ Section 9 School Nutrition Policies Pilots (page 157)
 - ✓ Success Stories Resources (page 41)

Action Guide page 31

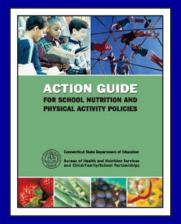
Activity 2 Building Awareness and Support

- 1. Designate team recorder
- 2. Identify two strategies your team can use to engage each of the following groups
 - school staff
 - students
 - families
 - community
- 3. Share strategies with entire group

Action Guide Sections with Resources on Building Awareness and Support

Section 3 Nutrition Education and **Promotion**

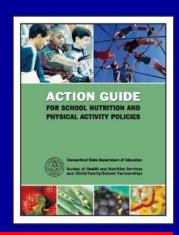
- Professional Development for Teachers page 52
- Educational Reinforcement page 53
- Staff Awareness page 54
- Staff Members as Role Models page 55



Action Guide Sections with Resources on Building Awareness and Support

Section 6 Other School-Based Activities to Promote Student Wellness

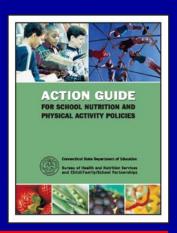
- Training for Food Service Staff Members page 124
- Staff Wellness page 128



Action Guide Sections with Resources on Building Awareness and Support

Section 7 Communication and Promotion

- Consistent Health Messages page 138
- Engaging Families page 139
- Engaging Students page 140
- Partnering with Community Organizations page 141
- Food Marketing in Schools page 143
- Media page 144



Steps for Creating Local Policy Step 7:

Adopt and implement the policy



Step 7: Adopt and implement the policy

- Adopting the policy means having the Board of Education officially adopt the policy
- Implementing the policy refers to the development of a plan on how the policy's criteria will be met
 - All at once
 - Phased in over a period of time



Adopt and Implement: Keys to Success

- Planning and management
- Communication
- Promotion

Critical to inform, educate and build support for adopting and implementing school policies throughout the process



Steps for Creating Local Policy Step 8:

Maintain, measure and evaluate

Section 8 Measurement and Evaluation

Action Guide page 149

Step 8 Maintain, Measure and Evaluate

- The process is ongoing
- A person must be designated to oversee the implementation, measurement and evaluation phase
- Periodic assessment of how your School Wellness Policy is going
- Based on this evaluation, the Policy may need to be updated or amended

Action Guide page 33

Evaluation Methods

- Determined locally based on the policy components
- Can include data/descriptions of any relevant changes in nutrition and physical activity in the district using a variety of methods
 - ✓ student, staff and parent surveys
 - collection of quantitative data regarding school nutrition and physical activity programs and practices

Evaluation Methods

 Document changes that result from policy implementation, such as



- Student health trends, e.g., fitness tests, nutrition status
- Time spent on physical activity
- Nutrition education programs conducted
- Financial impact, e.g., cafeteria a la carte sales, vending machines, fundraisers and school stores

Action Guide page 33

Process Evaluation

- assesses whether a program was implemented and operated as intended
- addresses questions of "why" and "why not"
- indicators include contrasting actual and planned performance
- identifies whether nutrition and physical activity policies are being implemented as planned



Why is process evaluation important?

- We often want to know outcomes
- But outcomes do not tell us
 - ✓ What we did
 - ✓ When we did it
 - ✓ Who was reached
 - How many people or schools were reached
 - Quality of the activities



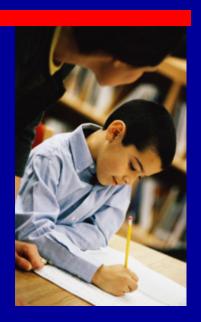
Process Evaluation Sample Indicators

- Number of students reached/impacted
- Number of teachers/staff members reached/impacted
- Quality of services
- Cost of implementation
- Revenues generated from healthy foods sold at school
- Changes in health and physical education curriculums
- Changes in time spent on physical education and recess
- Changes in before- and after-school physical activity opportunities
- Staffing for services or programs
- Meal participation rates for school breakfast and lunch
- Number/percent of foods that meet nutrition standards
- Number of people reached through education efforts
- Number of activities/meetings/events
- Number of classes/training sessions/workshops conducted

Action Guide page 153

Outcome Evaluation

- Assesses the results or impact of a program on the participants, such as
 - ✓ students' health status
 - ✓ absenteeism
 - ✓ dropout rates
- Represents a change that occurs as a result of the program, such as
 - √ knowledge
 - ✓ attitudes and beliefs
 - behavior
 - √ skills
 - ✓ risk or protective behaviors
 - ✓ life condition



Outcome Evaluation Sample Indicators

- Student fitness tests (e.g., percent of students passing all four Connecticut Physical Fitness Assessments, percent of students passing the national Physical Best Challenge)
- Student Body Mass Index (BMI)
- Changes in student food choices (e.g., increased consumption of fruits and vegetables)
- Children's nutrition status (e.g., prevalence of health conditions such as obesity, tooth decay, iron-deficiency anemia, diabetes)

Action Guide page 153

Activity 3 Evaluation

- order
- 1. Designate team recorder
- 2. Identify at least two strategies your team can use to evaluate the policy component selected in Activity 1
- 3. Share strategies with entire group

Questions???

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RoseAnna Holliday 860-807-2064 roseanna.holliday@ct.gov

Jean Mee 860-807-2082 jean.mee@ct.gov

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